

Below are links to articles referencing:

- **CariFree products CAMBRA and the medical management of dental caries**
- **Caries research**
- **Minimally invasive dentistry topics**



The following are references and abstracts which relate to the new science that may support the CariFree

Dental plaque as a biofilm and a microbial community implications for health and disease, Philip D M

Risk-based early prevention in comparison with routine prevention of dental caries: a 7-year follow-up

Grouping of tooth surfaces by susceptibility to caries: a study in 5 & 16 year-old children, Batchelor P

[Analytical Biochemistry, April 2004, "Detection of cariogenic bacteria genes by a combination of allele-specific polymerase chain reactions and a novel bioluminescent pyrophosphate assay"](#)

Hidetoshi Arakawa, Koji Karasawa, Takeshi Igarashi, Shigeya Suzuki, Nobuichi Goto, Masako Maeda.

[A high molecular mass cranberry constituent reduces mutans streptococci level in saliva and inhibits in vitro adhesion to hydroxyapatite.](#) FEMS Microbiol Lett. 2004 Mar 12;232(1)

[The caries balance: the basis for caries management by risk assessment.](#) Oral Health Prev Dent

[Remineralization effects of xylitol on demineralised enamel.](#) J Electron Microsc (Tokyo). 2003;5

[Effect of xylitol-containing chewing gums on lactic acid production in dental plaque from caries active pre-school children.](#) Oral Health Prev Dent. 2003;1(3):195-9. By S. Twetman, C

[Effect of maternal use of chewing gums containing xylitol, chlorhexidine or fluoride on mutans streptococci colonization in the mothers' infant children](#) . Ora

[Experimental study on polyphenol anti-plaque effect in human.](#) Zhonghua Kou Qiang Yi Xue Za

[The use of ATP bioluminescence as a measure of cell proliferation and cytotoxicity,](#) J Immunol

[Streptococcus mutans, lactobacilli and dental health in 13-14-year-old Swedish children.](#) Community Dent Oral Epidemiol. 1982 Apr;10(2):77-81. By I. Zickert, C.G. Emilson, B. K

[Effect of caries preventive measures in children highly infected with the bacterium Streptococcus mutans.](#) Arch Oral Biol. 1982;27(10):861-8. By I. Zickert, C.G. Emilson, B. Krasse.